Curriculum Aim Year 7	Curriculum Aim : By the end of year 7 students will be able to identify human and physical features, locate and name oceans and continents, locate places using latitude and longitude co-ordinates, ask geographical questions, conduct geographical enquiries, make geographical decisions and use geographical data. Students should be able to use OS maps; to interpret grid references, height, and direction. They should be able to explore the geography of the UK and the importance of natural resources, have an understanding of weather and climate, and explore the geography of Africa. Students should have an opportunity to experience local fieldwork.					
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Assessment 1	Assessm	ent 1				
Assessment 2			Assessment 2			
Торіс	Map Skills	The UK	Weather and climate	Is the Earth running out of natural resources?	Spotlight on Africa	Climate fieldwork
Powerful Knowledge/ skills	 Identifying continent, oceans and different parts that make up the UK. Identify human, physical and environmental geography Longitude and latitude OS maps including: Map symbols Grid references Compass directions Scale and distance Contours 	 Physical geography of the UK Development of the UK Population distribution Economic activities Urbanisation and the growth of cities Photo analysis Completion and analysis of line graphs. 	 UK weather and climate patterns using choropleth maps Climate graphs Factors affecting weather and climate Extreme weather in the UK Formation and effects of lightning, tornadoes and blizzards 	 Characteristics and features of the main 3 rock types Energy supply Renewable and non-renewable resources Water supply and management 	 Location, scale and div Africa. Distribution of biomes Africa, focusing on rain and deserts. Urbanisation and the p associated with growin Population distribution Inequality Considering viewpoints 	used to measure the weather • Microclimates • Collection of weather data around the school site
Useful online resources	BBC Bitesize: <u>https://www.</u> National Geographic: <u>https</u> OS Mapzone: <u>https://www</u> Royal Geographical Society Seneca: <u>https://app.seneca</u>	://www.nationalgeogram ordnancesurvey.co.uk/i https://www.rgs.org/	phic.org/idea/fun-geog mapzone/		<u>1d81f</u>	

Sequenced from	KS2 Location knowledge KS2 maps and atlas skills KS2 OS skills	KS2 Location knowledge KS2 Study of the UK KS2 Settlements KS2 Economic activities	KS2 Climate zones	KS2 Distribution of natural resources	KS2 Biomes This unit allows students to apply knowledge gained in the previous topics this year to a new location, e.g. physical geography, development, urbanisation.	KS2 Use of fieldwork Weather and climate from Spring 1.
Sequenced to	These skills are the foundation for all aspects of Geography and will be revisited on regular occasions throughout the 7 year curriculum. In particular, OS maps will be revisited when studying coasts, glaciers, rivers and urban areas.	Physical geography of the UK will later be compared with that of other countries/continents including Africa, Asia and the Middle East. Other areas are revisited and applied to a different location in the year 7 Africa unit. Year 8 Population Year 9 Sustainability	Knowledge applied to fieldwork at the end of year 7 Year 9 Tropical storms	Water – Year 7 Africa Rocks – Year 8 Coasts, Year 9 Glaciers, Year 9 Sustainability Year 10 UK landscapes (P1)	Further comparison will be made between Africa and Asia in Year 8. Year 8 Population Year 10 Ecosystems Year 10/11 Urban issues (P2)	Fieldwork is built into all year groups: Year 8 Urban fieldwork Year 9 Sustainability (virtual fieldwork GCSE Paper 3 A Level NEA

Curriculum Aim Year 8	Curriculum Aim : During year 8 students will further develop skills and knowledge acquired from year 7. By the end of year 8 students will be able to consider the issues surrounding climate change and how polar regions are impacted. They should understand key features of the coast, be able to identify patterns of population distribution, and explore the geography of Asia. Students should have an opportunity to experience local fieldwork.						
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2 Summer 1		Summer 2	
Assessment 1	Assessme	ent 1					
Assessment 2			Assessment 2				
Торіс	Climate Change	Glaciation and Polar Regions	Coasts	Global Population	Spotlight on Asia	Urban Fieldwork	
Powerful Knowledge/ skills	 Human and natural causes of climate change Local, national and global consequences of climate change Management of climate change 	 Glacial processes Glacial landforms Use of polar regions Impacts of melting ice DME practice 	 Coastal processes Coastal landforms Problems facing the coast Coastal management 	 Causes of global population increase Population pyramids Population management and 	 Location and main phy features and biomes o Population distribution Mega-cities Social, economic and environmental impacts growing mega-cities Causes and consequent 	f Asia carry out human geography fieldwork e.g. traffic counts, questionnaires,	

	 Labelling maps and diagrams The use of scattergraphs 		• OS map skills	policiesUK's population	flooding in Bangladesh Indian Ocean tsunami Tourism in Thailand 	 survey. Interpret and present data using mathematical skills Draw conclusions. 	
Useful	BBC Bitesize: https://www	v.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/subj	ects/zrw76sg		·		
online	National Geographic: <u>https://www.nationalgeographic.org/idea/fun-geography/</u>						
resources	OS Mapzone: https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/mapzone/						
	Royal Geographical Societ	y: https://www.rgs.org/					
	Seneca: <u>https://app.senec</u>	calearning.com/classroor	n/course/e076bd9c-7	25b6-4095-a600-d2a84b	<u>0dd81f</u>		
Sequenced		Year 7 Geology and rocks	KS2	Year 7 UK	KS2 Rivers	Year 7 Fieldwork	
from	climate/climate study	Year 8 Climate change	Year 7 OS mapskills	Year 7 Africa	KS2 Biomes	Year 7 UK	
			Year 7 Rocks Year 8 Climate change		This unit allows students to apply many of the skills and knowledge	Year 7 Skills	
			Year 8 Glaciation		gained throughout the year 7 and 8		
					course so far to the continent of		
					Asia. E.g. Physical geography,		
					urbanisation, population		
Sequenced		Year 8 Coasts	Year 10 Coasts (P1)	Year 8 Asia	Year 9 Middle East tourism	Year 9 Sustainability (virtual	
to	Regions Year 8 Coasts	Year 10 Climate change GCSE Paper 3 Issue		Year 10 Urban issues (P2) Year 11 Economic world	Year 9 Sustainability Year 9 Tectonics / earthquakes	fieldwork) GCSE Paper 3	
		evaluation (DME)		(P2)	Rivers Year 10 (P1)	A Level NEA	
	Year 10 Climate change			·· -/			

Curriculum Aim Year 9	Curriculum Aim : By the end of year 9 student will further development of skills and knowledge from year 8. By the end of year 9 students will be able to explore the geography of The Middle East, and consider the issues surrounding globalisation and sustainability. They will have an understanding of our violent planet, including the role of earthquakes, volcanoes and tropical storms.							
Term	Autumn 1	utumn 1 Autumn 2 Spring 1 Spring 2 Summer 1 Summer 2						
Assessment	Assessment 1							
1								
Assessment	Assessment 2							
2								
Торіс	Middle East	Globalisation	Sustainability	Our violent planet	Our violent planet	Our violent planet		
				Volcanoes	Earthquakes	Tropical Storms		

Powerful Knowledge/ skills	 Location of the Middle East Key physical features of the Middle East including biomes Reasons for and impacts of a named conflict in the Middle East Opportunities and challenges of tourism in Dubai 	articles	 Sustainable housing Sustainable cities Sustainable use of the Arctic in Russia Sustainability in the oceans DME practice 	 Distribution of volcanoes Features and types of volcanoes Impacts of volcanic eruptions Management of volcanic hazards Life in volcanic regions 	 Distribution of earthquakes Impacts of earthquakes at different levels of development Response to earthquake hazards Case study of earthquake events. Management of tectonic hazards 	 Global Atmospheric Circulation Global distribution of tropical storms and factors affecting development. Case study of a tropical storm – primary and secondary impacts, prediction and management 	
Useful	BBC Bitesize: https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/subjects/zrw76sg https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/examspecs/zy3ptyc						
online	Internet Geography: https://www.internet.com/						
resources	Cool Geography: <u>https://w</u>			un ha a d			
	National Geographic: <u>https</u>			<u>ipny/</u>			
	OS Mapzone: <u>https://www</u> Royal Geographical Society		<u>mapzone/</u>				
	Seneca: <u>https://app.seneca</u>		a /course /o076bd0c 75b	4005 a600 d2a84b0c	1401f		
Sequenced from	This unit builds on the Continent work done in year Content of the second secon	Year 7 UK / development Year 8 Population	This unit looks at how many aspects of geography can be made more sustainable, a fundamental of Geography, and therefore makes links back to the whole KS3 curriculum. Virtual fieldwork will also use skills developed in Year 7 and Year 8 Fieldwork units.	KS2 Volcanoes Year 7 Skills Year 7 Resources Year 8 Asia	KS2 Earthquakes Year 7 Skills Year 7 Resources Year 8 Asia Year 9 Volcanoes	Year 7 Skills Year 7 Weather and climate Year 8 climate change	
Sequenced to	Year 11 Economic world (P2)	Year 11 Economic world (P2)	Being a fundamental concept, sustainability is revisited through the whole of the GCSE and A Level courses. Fieldwork skills required for GCSE and A Level	Year 10/11 revision (P1) Year 13 Tectonics	Year 10/11 revision (P1) Year 13 Tectonics	Year 10/11 Revision (P1) Year 13 Hazards Year 13 Water and carbon cycles	

KS3 Geography Curriculum Map